<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE OF CONTENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MODEL IDENTIFICATION .................................................................................. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTALLATION ............................................................................................. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WIRING ....................................................................................................... 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRONT PANEL KEY FUNCTIONS ....................................................................... 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MENU SELECTIONS ....................................................................................... 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIMARY MENU ........................................................................................... 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECONDARY MENU ....................................................................................... 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECURE MENU ............................................................................................ 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALARM TYPE AND ACTION ........................................................................... 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFICATIONS ......................................................................................... 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIAGNOSTIC ERROR MESSAGES ...................................................................... 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIMENSIONS ............................................................................................... 16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

© 1995, LOVE CONTROLS DIVISION, DWYER INSTRUMENTS, INCORPORATED. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. NO PORTION MAY BE COPIED WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF LOVE CONTROLS.
GETTING STARTED

1. Install the control as described on page 4.

2. Wire your control following the instructions on page 4 and drawing on page 5.

3. Most controls do not need many (if any) program changes to work on your process. For best results if programming changes are necessary, make all the necessary changes in the Secure Menu (page 10) before making changes to the Secondary Menu (page 8). If error messages occur, check the Diagnostic Error Messages on page 15 for help.

Take the example of a Model 25011 that comes from the factory programmed for type J thermocouples. Suppose for this example you wish to change the input to type K and limit the set point range between 0° and 1000° C.

First, enter the Secure menu as instructed on page 5. Press the INDEX key until the display shows \texttt{Inp} and press the DOWN ARROW until the display shows \texttt{CA}. Don't forget to press the ENTER key to retain your setting.

Next, press the INDEX key to display \texttt{F-C}. Press the DOWN ARROW until the display shows \texttt{C}. Press ENTER.

Next, press the INDEX key until \texttt{SPL} is displayed (pass the \texttt{dPt} and \texttt{InPt} selections). Press the UP ARROW until the display shows \texttt{0}. Press ENTER.

Finally, press INDEX key to display \texttt{SPH}. Press the DOWN ARROW until the display shows \texttt{1000}. Press ENTER.

The necessary program changes are now complete. After 30 seconds the display will switch back to the temperature reading. If you want to return faster, press the UP ARROW and ENTER keys (at the same time) and then press the DOWN ARROW and INDEX keys (again at the same time). This will 'back out' of the menu and immediately display the temperature reading.
It is not necessary to remove the control chassis from the housing for installation. If the control chassis is removed from the housing, you must follow industry standard practice for control and protection against Electro-Static Discharge (ESD). Failure to exercise good ESD practices may cause damage to the control.
**WIRING**

Do not run thermocouple or other input wiring in the same conduit as power leads. Use only the type of thermocouple or RTD probe for which the control has been programmed. Maintain separation between wiring of sensor, auxiliary in or out, and other wiring. See the "Secure Menu" for input selection.

For thermocouple input always use extension leads of the same type designated for your thermocouple.

For supply connections use No. 16 AWG or larger wires rated for at least 75°C. Use copper conductors only. All line voltage output circuits must have a common disconnect and be connected to the same pole of the disconnect.

Control wiring is shown below.

---

Wiring to housing terminals while chassis is removed may cause distortion of the internal connector and possible damage to the connector when the chassis is reinstalled. It is strongly recommended that the control housing be wired with the chassis installed.

Thermocouple, RTD wiring is rated CLASS 2.
FRONT PANEL KEY FUNCTIONS

Key functions are as follows:

INDEX: Pressing the INDEX key advances the display to the next menu item. May also be used in conjunction with other keys as noted below.

UP ARROW: Increments a value, changes a menu item, or selects the item to ON. The maximum value obtainable is 9999 or 999.9.

DOWN ARROW: Decrements a value, changes a menu item, or selects the item to OFF. The minimum value obtainable is -1999 or -199.9.

ENTER: Pressing ENTER stores the value or the item changed. If not pressed, the previously stored value or item will be retained. The display will flash once when ENTER is pressed.

UP ARROW & ENTER: Pressing these keys simultaneously brings up the secondary menu starting at the alarm, tune, or cycle item (depending on programming). Pressing these keys for 5 seconds will bring up the secure menu.

INDEX & DOWN ARROW: Pressing these keys simultaneously will allow backing up one menu item, or if at the first menu item they will cause the display to return to the primary menu. If an alarm condition has occurred, these keys may be used to reset the alarm.

INDEX & ENTER: Pressing these keys simultaneously and holding them for 5 seconds allows recovery from the various error messages. The following menu items will be reset:

ALiH: Alarm inhibit

OPeN InP: Thermocouple error message

bAd InP: RTD error message

CHEC CAL: Check calibration error message

Correct the problems associated with the above conditions first before using these reset keys. More than one error could be present. Caution is advised since several items are reset at one time.
While in the **Primary or Secondary menu**, if no key is pressed for a period of 30 seconds, the display will return to the HOME position displaying the temperature value. The time is increased to 1 minute when in the **Secure menu**.

**NOTE:** To move to the **primary menu** quickly from any other menu, press the **UP ARROW & ENTER** keys followed by pressing the **INDEX & DOWN ARROW** keys.

**SECURITY LEVEL SELECTION**

Four levels of security are provided. The display shows the current security level. To change security levels change the password value using the **UP & DOWN ARROW** keys and pressing the **ENTER** key. Refer to the password table below for the correct value to enter for the security level desired. The **SECr** menu item security level may be viewed or changed at any time regardless of the present security level. The password values shown in the table cannot be altered, so retain a copy of this page for future reference. This will be the only reference made to password values in this instruction book.

**PASSWORD TABLE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SECURITY LEVEL MENU</th>
<th>DISPLAYED VALUE WHEN VIEWED</th>
<th>PASSWORD VALUE TO ENTER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary Locked</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Locked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secure Locked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Unlocked</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Locked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secure Locked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Unlocked</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Unlocked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secure Unlocked</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Unlocked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Unlocked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secure Unlocked</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**PRIMARY MENU**
Press **INDEX** to advance to the next menu item. Press **UP ARROW** or **DOWN ARROW** to change the value in the display. Press **ENTER** to retain the value.

**SP**  Set Point Adjust, Control Point.

**SECONDARY MENU**
Hold **UP ARROW** & **ENTER**. Press **INDEX** to advance to the next menu item. Press **UP ARROW** or **DOWN ARROW** to change the value in the display. Press **ENTER** to retain the value.

**ALLo**  Alarm Low: The Low Alarm point is usually set below the Set Point.

**ALHi**  Alarm High: The High Alarm Point is usually set above the Set Point.

The next two Menu Items are for output codes 1,2,or 3. If your control has output code 5, skip to the Out Menu Item.

**CY**  Cycle Rate and output selection: Select **OnOF, 1, 2 to 80** seconds total cycle time.

**ONOF**  A setting of **ONOF** allows the control to operate as a simple on/off mode. This setting forces the control to turn off at set point, and on at the set point plus the differential (**SP_d**). When selected the **tunE, Pb, rES, OFS, rTE, and ArUP** selections in the Secondary menu and the **SPOL** and **SPOH** selections in the Secure menu are suppressed.

**1**  A setting of 1 is recommended for solid state outputs (SSR or 5VDC).

2 to 80  Time Proportioning Control is adjustable in 1 sec. steps. Recommended for mechanical outputs (relays, solenoids, etc.). For best contact life, a time should be selected as long as possible without causing the process to wander.

**SP_d**  Set Point On-Off Differential. Select 1 to **999°F**. This value will be negative for reverse acting set points, and positive for direct acting.
outputs. Set the value for the amount of temperature difference between the turn off point (set point) and the turn on point. Only appears if CY is set to ONOF.

Out  Fixed at Prop. For Current (Code 5) outputs only.

tunE  Tuning Choice: Select SELF or Pid.

SELF  The Controller will evaluate the Process and select the PID values to maintain good control. The ramp function (rt) can not be selected while SELF tunE is active. The temperature descriptor will flash while SELF tunE is active. The control will switch to Pid tunE when the tuning function is complete.

Pid  Manually adjust the PID values. PID control consists of three basic parameters, Proportional Band (Gain), Reset Time (Integral), and Rate Time (Derivative).

Pb  Proportional Band (Bandwidth). Select 5 to 5000 °F (3 to 2778 °C).

rE  Automatic Reset Time. Select OFF, 0.1 to 99.9 minutes. Select OFF to switch to OFS.

OFS  Manual Offset Correction Select OFF, 0.1 to 99.9%. Select OFF to switch to rE.

rTE  Rate Time. Select OFF, 0.01 to 99.99 minutes, Derivative.

ArUP  Anti-Reset Wind-up Feature: Select On or OFF.

On  When ArUP is On the accumulated Reset Offset value will be cleared to 0% when the process input is not within the Proportional Band.

OFF  When ArUP is OFF, the accumulated Reset Offset Value is retained in memory when the process input is not within the Proportional Band.

rt  Ramp Time: Select OFF, 00.01 to 99.59 (HH.MM). When value is entered, control calculates a ramp slope from the current temperature to SP over the time entered. Changing rt or SP (or pressing ENTER at either menu item) restarts the ramp function, and re-calculates the slope. The right hand decimal point of the lower display will flash while the ramp function is active. Self tunE can not be selected while the ramp function is active. Selecting OFF will stop a current ramp and drive the output as necessary to reach set point.

InPC  Input Correction: Select ±500 °F (±278 °C). This feature allows the input value to be changed to agree with an external reference or to
compensate for sensor error. **Note:** InPC is reset to zero when the input type is changed, or when decimal position is changed.

**FiLt**
Digital Filter: Select **OFF**, **1** to **99**. In some cases the time constant of the sensor, or noise could cause the display to jump enough to be unreadable. A setting of 2 is usually sufficient to provide enough filtering for most cases, (2 represents approximately a 1 second time constant). When the 0.1 degree resolution is selected this should be increased to 4. If this value is set too high, controllability will suffer.

**SECURE MENU**
Hold **UP ARROW & ENTER** for 5 Seconds. Press **INDEX** to advance to the next menu item. Press **UP ARROW** or **DOWN ARROW** to change the value in the display. Press **ENTER** to retain the value.

**SECr**
Security Code: See the Security Level Selection and the Password Table in this manual, in order to enter the correct password.

**InP**
Input Type: Select one of the following. The selections are limited to the input type you ordered. If you ordered a thermocouple input control, make your selection from the thermocouple list. If you ordered an RTD input, select from the RTD list.

**Thermocouple selections:**
- **J-IC** Type “J” Thermocouple.
- **CA** Type “K” Thermocouple.
- **E-** Type “E” Thermocouple.
- **t-** Type “T” Thermocouple.
- **L-** Type “L” Thermocouple.
- **n-** Type “N” Thermocouple.

**RTD selections:**
- **P385** 100 ohm Platinum (DIN 0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C).
- **P392** 100 ohm Platinum (NIST 0.00392 Ω/Ω/°C).
- **n120** 120 ohm Nickel (US Industrial 0.00672 Ω/Ω/°C).

**F-C**
Select temperature descriptor for Fahrenheit or Celcius.
- **F** °F descriptor is On and temperature inputs will be displayed in actual degrees Fahrenheit.
- **C** °C descriptor is On and temperature inputs will be displayed in actual degrees Celsius.

**dPt**
Decimal Point Positioning: Select **0** or **0.0**. This only effects the Process Value, SP, ALL0, ALHi, and InPC.
- **0** No decimal Point is selected.
- **0.0** One decimal place is selected. If the Process Value moves outside of the decimal point range ends (-199.9 to +999.9), the Process Value display will autorange to whole degree resolution. When the Process Value
returns to the decimal point range, the display will autorange back to tenth degree resolution.

**InPt**  
Input Fault Timer: Select **OFF, 0.1** to **540.0** minutes. Whenever an Input is out of range (UFL or OFL displayed), shorted, or open the timer will start. When the time has elapsed, the controller will revert to a safe condition (Output Off, Flashing Display). If OFF is selected, the Input Fault Timer will not be recognized (time = infinite).

**SPL**  
Set Point Low: Select from the lowest input range value to **SPH** value. This will set the minimum SP value that can be entered. The value for SP will stop moving when this value is reached.

**SPH**  
Set Point High: Select from the highest input range value to **SPL** value. This will set the maximum SP value that can be entered. The value for SP will stop moving when this value is reached.

**SPSt**  
Set Point State: Select **dir** or **rE**.
- **dir**  
  Direct Action. As the input increases the output will increase. Most commonly used in cooling processes.
- **rE**  
  Reverse Action. As the input increases the output will decrease. Most commonly used in heating processes.

**SPOL**  
Set Point Output Low Limit: Select **0** to **100%** but not greater than **SPOH**. This item limits the lowest output value. This is useful for adding a bias to the process when needed. Factory set to **0** for output codes 1, 2, and 3. Factory set to **20** for output code 5 (20% output equals 4 mA output).

**SPOH**  
Set Point Output High Limit: Select **0** to **100%** but not less than **SPOH** for output codes 1, 2, or 3. Select **0** to **102%** but not less than **SPOH** for output code 5. This item allows setting the maximum output limit. This is useful with processes that are over powered. Adjustment to 102% allows setting current output to force a full on condition for output devices which do not have bias adjustments. Factory set to **100** for all output codes.

**SPLP**  
Set Point Lamp: Select **O on** or **OoFF**.
- **O on**  
  Lamp ON when Output is ON.
- **OoFF**  
  Lamp OFF when Output is ON.
ALARM TYPE AND ACTION (if present)

Caution: In any critical application where failure could cause expensive product loss or endanger personal safety, a redundant limit controller is required.

When setting an alarm value for an absolute alarm ($\text{ALt} = \text{AbS}$), simply set the value at which the alarm is to occur.

When setting the alarm value for a deviation alarm ($\text{ALt} = \text{dE}$), set the difference in value from the Set Point (SP) desired. For example if a low alarm is required to be 5 degrees below the SP, then set $\text{ALLo}$ to -5. If a high alarm is required 20 degrees above the SP, then set $\text{ALHi}$ to +20. If SP is changed, the alarm will continue to hold the same relationship as originally set.

The diagram at the below shows the action and reset functions for both absolute and deviation alarms.

When Alarm Power Interrupt, ALPi, is programmed ON and Alarm Reset, ALrE, is programmed for Hold, the alarm will automatically reset upon a power failure and subsequent restoration if no alarm condition is present.

If Alarm Inhibit, ALiH, is selected ON, an alarm condition is suspended upon power up until the process value passes through the alarm set point once. Alarm inhibit can be restored as if a power up took place by pressing both the INDEX and ENTER keys for 5 seconds.

Warning: If inhibit is on and a power failure occurs during a high alarm, restoration of power will not cause the alarm to occur if the process value does not first drop below the high alarm setting. Do not use the Alarm Inhibit feature if a hazard is created by this action. Be sure to test all combinations of high and low alarm inhibit actions before placing control into operation.
The following menu items apply only to the alarm.

**AL**

- **Alarms: Select** **OFF, Lo, Hi, or HiLo.**
  - **OFF** Alarms are turned OFF. No Alarm menu items appear in the Secondary and Secure menus.
  - **Lo** Low Alarm Only. ALLo appears in the Secondary Menu.
  - **Hi** High Alarm Only. ALHi appears in the Secondary Menu.
  - **HiLo** High and Low Alarms. Both share the same Alarm Relay output.

**ALt**

- **Alarm Type: Select** **AbS or dE**
  - **AbS** Absolute Alarm that may be set anywhere within the values of SPL and SPH and is independent of SP.
  - **dE** Deviation Alarm that may be set as an offset from SP. As SP is changed the Alarm Point will track with SP.

**ALrE**

- **Alarm Reset: Select** **OnOF or Hold.**
  - **OnOF** Automatic Reset.
  - **Hold** Manual Reset. Reset (acknowledge) by simultaneously pressing the INDEX & DOWN ARROW keys for 5 sec.

**ALPi**

- **Alarm Power Interrupt: Select** **On or OFF.**
  - **On** Alarm Power Interrupt is ON.
  - **OFF** Alarm Power Interrupt is OFF.

**ALiH**

- **Alarm Inhibit: Select** **On or OFF.**
  - **On** Alarm Inhibit is ON. Alarm action is suspended until the process value first enters a non-alarm condition.
  - **OFF** Alarm Inhibit is OFF.

**ALSt**

- **Alarm Output State: Select** **CLOS or OPEN.**
  - **CLOS** Closes Contacts at Alarm Set Point.
  - **OPEN** Opens Contacts at Alarm Set Point.

**ALLP**

- **Alarm Lamp: Select** **O on or OoFF.**
  - **O on** Alarm Lamp is ON when alarm contact is closed.
  - **OoFF** Alarm Lamp is OFF when alarm contact is closed.
SPECIFICATIONS

Selectable Inputs: Thermocouple or RTD as ordered.

Input Impedance:
  Thermocouple = 3 megohms minimum.  RTD current = 200 µA.

Sensor Break Protection: De-energizes control output to protect system.

Set Point Range: Selectable (See range chart page 12 ).

Display: Two 4 digit, 7 segment; vertical 7.62mm (0.3") high LEDs; horizontal 10mm (0.4") high LEDs.

Control Action: Reverse (usually heating), Direct (usually cooling) selectable.

Proportional Band: 5 to 5000 °F or equivalent °C.

Reset Time (Integral): Off or 0.1 to 99.9 minutes.

Rate Time (Derivative): Off or 0.01 to 99.99 minutes.

Cycle Rate: 1 to 80 seconds, and on-off.

On - Off Differential: Adjustable 1° F to 999°F in 1° steps (equivalent °C).

Alarm On - Off Differential: 2° F or equivalent in °C.

Accuracy: ±0.25% of span, ±1 least significant digit.

Resolution: 1 degree or 0.1 degree, selectable.

Line Voltage Stability: ±0.05% over the supply voltage range.

Temperature Stability: 4µV/°C (2.3 µV/°F) typical, 8 µV/°C (4.5 µV°F) maximum.

Common Mode Rejection: 140 db minimum at 60 Hz.

Normal Mode Rejection: 65 db typical, 60 db at 60 Hz.

Isolation: Relay and SSR outputs 1500 VAC. Current output 500VAC. 5VDC output is not isolated and must not share a common ground with the input.

Supply Voltage: 100 to 240 VAC, nom., +10 -15%, 50 to 400 Hz. single phase; 132 to 240 VDC, nom., +10 -20%.

Power Consumption: 5VA maximum.

Operating Temperature: -10 to +55 °C (+14 to 131 °F).

Storage Temperature: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to 176 °F).

Humidity Conditions: 0 to 90% up to 40 °C non-condensing 10 to 50% at 55 °C non-condensing.

Memory Backup: Non-volatile memory. No batteries required.

Control Output Ratings:
  1. SSR, 2.5 A @ 240 VAC at 25 °C. Derates to 1.25 A @ 55 °C.
  2. Relay, Form C contact (SPDT), 10 A @ 240 VAC resistive.
  3. Alarm Relay, Form A contact (SPST). 3A @ 240 VAC resistive.
  4. Switched Voltage (non-isolated), 5 VDC @ 20mA.
  5. Proportional Current (isolated), 0 to 20 mA, selectable, into 600 ohms maximum.

Weight: 369 g (13 oz).

Agency Approvals: UL E83725

Front Panel Rating: Type 4X (IP66).
### Diagnostic Error Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>SPOutputs</th>
<th>Action Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>UFL or OFL</strong></td>
<td>Underflow or Overflow: Process value has exceeded input range ends.</td>
<td>Set point output active</td>
<td>Input signals may normally go above or below range ends. If not, check input and correct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>bAd InP</strong></td>
<td>UFL or OFL will sequence to display one of these messages if the InPt is set for a time value. For RTD inputs RTD is open or shorted.</td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td>To reset use the INDEX &amp; ENTER keys. When InPt (input fault timer) has been set for a time, the outputs will be turned off after the set time. Setting the time to OFF causes the outputs to remain active, however UFL or OFL will still be displayed. Correct or replace sensor. To reset use the INDEX &amp; ENTER keys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OPEN InP</strong></td>
<td>For THERMOCOUPLE inputs thermocouple is open.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHEC CAL</strong></td>
<td>Check calibration appears as an alternating message if the instrument calibration nears tolerance edges. Check calibration appears as a flashing message if the instrument calibration exceeds specification.</td>
<td>Set point output active</td>
<td>Remove the instrument for service and/or recalibration. To reset use the INDEX &amp; ENTER keys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>No display lighted</strong></td>
<td>Display is blank. Instrument may not be getting power, or the supply voltage is too low.</td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td>Check that the power supply is on, or that the external fuses are good.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FAIL tESt</strong></td>
<td>Fail test appears upon power up if the internal diagnostics detect a failure. This message may occur during operation if a failure is detected. Displays flash.</td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td>The display alternate between FAIL tESt and one of the following messages: FACTdFLt: Memory may be corrupted. Press the ENTER key and the DOWN ARROW key to start the factory default procedure. Re-check controller programming. rEt FACT: Can not recover from error, return to factory for service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHEC SP CHECALLO CHECALHI</strong></td>
<td>This message will appear upon power up if the set point is set outside of the SPL or SPH values.</td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td>Correct the SP or adjust the SPL or SPH values by programming new values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHEC SPL or CHEC SPH</strong></td>
<td>This message appears at power up if SPL or SPH values are programmed outside the input range ends.</td>
<td>Set point output inactive</td>
<td>Correct the SPL or SPH values by programming new values.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Thermocouple Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Type</th>
<th>Type J or L</th>
<th>Type K</th>
<th>Type T</th>
<th>Type E</th>
<th>Type N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td>1°F</td>
<td>-100 to +1600</td>
<td>-200 to +2500</td>
<td>-350 to +750</td>
<td>-100 to +1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1°C</td>
<td>-73 to +871</td>
<td>-129 to +1371</td>
<td>-212 to +398</td>
<td>-73 to +982</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### RTD Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input Type</th>
<th>100 Ohm Platinum 0.00385 DIN Curve</th>
<th>100 Ohm Platinum 0.00392 Nist Curve</th>
<th>120 Ohm Nickel 0.00628 US Industrial Curve</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td>1°F</td>
<td>-328 to +1607</td>
<td>-112 to +608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-200 to +875</td>
<td>-80 to +320</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>